

Installing Agent on Debian and Ubuntu

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1. Download CDP Agent

See [Obtaining Linux CDP Enterprise Agent](#).

2. Configure APT Repository

You should also configure an APT repository on Debian and Ubuntu to manage upgrades of CDP Standard Edition (See [Upgrading Enterprise Agent for Linux](#)), to install the unzip utility, etc.

First, modify your `/etc/apt/sources.list` to include the R1Soft repository, and then download the R1Soft `apt` `gpg` key.

```
# echo deb http://repo.r1soft.com/apt stable main >> /etc/apt/sources.list
# wget http://repo.r1soft.com/r1soft.asc
# apt-key add r1soft.asc
# apt-get update
```

```

root@debian-server:~# echo deb http://repo.r1soft.com/apt stable main >> /etc/apt/sources.list
root@debian-server:~# wget http://repo.r1soft.com/r1soft.asc
--2012-02-05 14:07:43-- http://repo.r1soft.com/r1soft.asc
Resolving repo.r1soft.com... 198.64.248.201
Connecting to repo.r1soft.com[198.64.248.201]:80... connected.
HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 200 OK
Length: 2819 (2.8K) [text/plain]
Saving to: `r1soft.asc'

100%[----->] 2,819      15.4K/s  in 0.2s

2012-02-05 14:07:45 (15.4 KB/s) - `r1soft.asc' saved [2819/2819]

root@debian-server:~# apt-key add r1soft.asc
OK

root@debian-server:~# apt-get update
Get:1 http://security.debian.org squeeze/updates Release.gpg [836 B]
Get:2 http://repo.r1soft.com stable Release.gpg [189 B]
Ign http://security.debian.org/ squeeze/updates/main Translation-en
Ign http://security.debian.org/ squeeze/updates/main Translation-en_US
Get:3 http://cdn.debian.net squeeze Release.gpg [1,672 B]
Ign http://cdn.debian.net/debian/ squeeze/main Translation-en
Ign http://cdn.debian.net/debian/ squeeze/main Translation-en_US
Get:4 http://cdn.debian.net squeeze-updates Release.gpg [836 B]
Ign http://cdn.debian.net/debian/ squeeze-updates/main Translation-en
Ign http://cdn.debian.net/debian/ squeeze-updates/main Translation-en_US
Get:5 http://cdn.debian.net squeeze Release [107 kB]
Get:6 http://security.debian.org squeeze/updates Release [86.9 kB]
Get:7 http://cdn.debian.net squeeze-updates Release [113 kB]
Ign http://repo.r1soft.com/apt/ stable/main Translation-en
Get:8 http://cdn.debian.net squeeze/main Sources [5,767 kB]
Ign http://repo.r1soft.com/apt/ stable/main Translation-en_US
Get:9 http://security.debian.org squeeze/updates/main Sources [78.8 kB]
Get:10 http://repo.r1soft.com stable Release [2,047 B]
Get:11 http://security.debian.org squeeze/updates/main amd64 Packages [247 kB]
Get:12 http://repo.r1soft.com stable/main amd64 Packages [1,388 B]
Get:13 http://cdn.debian.net squeeze/main amd64 Packages [8,603 kB]
Get:14 http://cdn.debian.net squeeze-updates/main Sources/DiffIndex [2,023 B]
Get:15 http://cdn.debian.net squeeze-updates/main amd64 Packages/DiffIndex [2,023 B]
Get:16 http://cdn.debian.net squeeze-updates/main Sources [4,305 B]
Get:17 http://cdn.debian.net squeeze-updates/main amd64 Packages [14.9 kB]
Fetched 15.0 MB in 4s (3,275 kB/s)
Reading package lists... Done
root@debian-server:~#

```

3. Option 1 - Install Agent Using APT



Notice

You must be a Linux root user to install CDP Agent.

Once you have configured the APT repository, you can execute the following command to install CDP Agent:

```
apt-get install r1soft-cdp-enterprise-agent
```

```

root@debian-server:~# apt-get install r1soft-cdp-enterprise-agent
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree
Reading state information... Done
The following extra packages will be installed:
  r1soft-cdp-agent r1soft-cdp-async-agent-2-6
Suggested packages:
  r1soft-kernel-modules
The following NEW packages will be installed:
  r1soft-cdp-agent r1soft-cdp-async-agent-2-6 r1soft-cdp-enterprise-agent
0 upgraded, 3 newly installed, 0 to remove and 0 not upgraded.
Need to get 12.4 kB/20.5 MB of archives.
After this operation, 0 B of additional disk space will be used.
Do you want to continue [Y/n]?
Get:1 http://repo.r1soft.com/apt/ stable/main r1soft-cdp-enterprise-agent amd64
4.2.0 [12.4 kB]

```

Option 2 - Install Agent Using DPKG

4.1 Make Sure You Can Unzip the Download

Most Linux distributions come with the unzip utility pre-installed. To determine if you have the unzip utility, run:

```
# which unzip
```

This should return an output similar to the following:

```
# which unzip  
/usr/bin/unzip
```

```
[root@centos-server ~]# which unzip  
/usr/bin/unzip
```

If it returns the following output, you need to install the unzip utility first:

```
unzip: Command not found.
```

To install unzip on Debian or Ubuntu:

```
# apt-get install unzip
```

```
root@debian-server:~# apt-get install unzip  
Reading package lists... Done  
Building dependency tree  
Reading state information... Done  
Suggested packages:  
  zip  
The following NEW packages will be installed:  
  unzip  
0 upgraded, 1 newly installed, 0 to remove and 0 not upgraded.  
Need to get 0 B/190 kB of archives.  
After this operation, 418 kB of additional disk space will be used.  
Selecting previously deselected package unzip.  
(Reading database ... 25429 files and directories currently installed.)  
Unpacking unzip (from ../archives/unzip_6.0-4_and64.deb) ...  
Processing triggers for man-db ...  
Setting up unzip (6.0-4) ...
```

4.2 Extract the ZIP File

We recommend creating a temporary directory to which you can extract the contents of the ZIP file.

1. Use the `mkdir` command to create a temporary directory (in our case, `cdp-agent`).

```
# mkdir cdp-agent
```

2. Use the `mv` command to move the archive to that directory. Note that Linux file names are case sensitive. Make sure you type the name correctly (in our case, "`r1soft-enterprise-agent-linux64-4.2.0.zip`").

```
# mv r1soft-enterprise-agent-linux64-4.2.0.zip cdp-agent
```

3. Use the `cd` command to go to that directory.

```
# cd cdp-agent
```

4. Use the `unzip` command to extract the files.

```
# unzip r1soft-enterprise-agent-linux64-4.2.0.zip
```

4.3 Install the Packages



Notice

You must be a Linux root user to install CDP Agent.

The archive you have extracted contains two folders: one with `.deb` packages (in our case, "`deb-linux64`") and one with `.rpm` packages ("`rpm-linux64`"). If you are installing on Debian or Ubuntu, choose the `.deb` package.

Each folder contains a set of CDP components:

- `r1soft-setup`
- `r1soft-cdp-enterprise-agent`
- `r1soft-cdp-agent`
- `r1soft-cdp-async-agent-2-6`

You will need to install all of them in one step. Use the `cd` command to go to the folder with the packages (in our case, "`deb-linux64`") and run the following command:

DEB 32-bit (x86) / DEB 64-bit (x86_64)

```
dpkg -i *.deb
```

```
root@debian-server:~/deb-linux64# dpkg -i *.deb
Selecting previously deselected package r1soft-cdp-agent.
(Reading database ... 25447 files and directories currently installed.)
Unpacking r1soft-cdp-agent (from r1soft-cdp-agent-amd64-3.18.1.deb) ...
Selecting previously deselected package r1soft-cdp-async-agent-2-6.
Unpacking r1soft-cdp-async-agent-2-6 (from r1soft-cdp-async-agent-2-6-amd64-3.18.1.deb) ...
Selecting previously deselected package r1soft-cdp-enterprise-agent.
Unpacking r1soft-cdp-enterprise-agent (from r1soft-cdp-enterprise-agent-amd64-3.18.1.deb) ...
Selecting previously deselected package r1soft-setup.
Unpacking r1soft-setup (from r1soft-setup-amd64-3.18.1.deb) ...
Setting up r1soft-setup (3.18.1) ...
Setting up r1soft-cdp-agent (3.18.1) ...
Attempting to get a kernel module from 'krnlbld.r1soft.com'

No binary module was found for your kernel. The kernel headers will be required
to build a module. See '/usr/bin/r1soft-setup --help' for more information
/etc/init.d/cdp-agent start: cdp started
Processing triggers for man-db ...
Setting up r1soft-cdp-async-agent-2-6 (3.18.1) ...
Setting up r1soft-cdp-enterprise-agent (3.18.1) ...
root@debian-server:~/deb-linux64#
```

5. Install CDP Linux Device Driver

CDP Device Driver is a proprietary, loadable Linux kernel module distributed by R1Soft. It is loadable at run-time without restarting Linux, and you do not need to recompile your Linux kernel to use it. R1Soft does not provide prebuilt modules for the popular kernels anymore, so you will have to compile the module from source.



Notice

You need to have loadable modules enabled as a feature in your kernel. This is an advanced feature on all popular Linux distributions.

45.1 Compiling CDP Kernel Module Against Kernel Headers or Kernel Source Tree

Using a pre-built binary module package is not possible anymore. You will have to compile this module against kernel headers for the current running kernel. In order to do so, we can build using your installed linux-headers package on your Linux server (see section 4.2 on installation of header packages). In order for kernel module compilation to work, you should have Internet connectivity directly from the Linux server you are installing CDP on, to TCP port HTTPS (443), on the host krnlbld.r1soft.com.

In order for kernel module compilation to work, you should have Internet connectivity directly from the Linux server you are installing CDP on, to TCP port HTTPS (443), on the host krnlbld.r1soft.com.

You can test connectivity with the following command (this may take a minute):

```
# r1soft-setup --test-connection
```

```
root@debian-server:~# r1soft-setup --test-connection
Checking connection to server
Waiting / Connected successfully to 'krnlbld.r1soft.com'
```

5.2 Install Kernel Sources

If you are using an unmodified kernel provided by Ubuntu installer, install the kernel-devel package:

```
# apt-get install linux-headers-`uname -r`
```

```
root@debian-server:~# apt-get install linux-headers-`uname -r`
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree
Reading state information... Done
The following NEW packages will be installed:
  linux-headers-2.6.32-5-amd64
0 upgraded, 1 newly installed, 0 to remove and 0 not upgraded.
Need to get 532 kB of archives.
After this operation, 1,757 kB of additional disk space will be used.
Get:1 http://linux.org.by/debian/ squeeze/main linux-headers-2.6.32-5-amd64 amd64 2.6.32-45 [532 kB]
Fetched 532 kB in 0s (811 kB/s)
Selecting previously deselected package linux-headers-2.6.32-5-amd64.
(Reading database ... 30425 files and directories currently installed.)
Unpacking linux-headers-2.6.32-5-amd64 (from ../linux-headers-2.6.32-5-amd64_2.6.32-45_amd64.deb) ...
Setting up linux-headers-2.6.32-5-amd64 (2.6.32-45) ...
```

5.3 Verify that the Source Matches Your Running Kernel (Does not apply to Debian or Ubuntu)

Sometimes, the kernel-devel package is newer than the installed and running kernel. If the kernel-devel is too old and not found, please follow the instructions on how to setup access to older yum packages as documented [here](#).

5.4 Build the CDP Kernel Module Online (direct Internet connection to R1Soft build server)

To attempt to build the kernel module, run the following command (this may take several minutes):

```
# r1soft-setup --get-module
```

```

root@debian-server:~# /usr/bin/r1soft-setup --get-module
Checking for binary module
Waiting |
No binary module found
Gathering kernel information
Gathering kernel information complete.
Creating kernel headers package
Checking '/tmp/r1soft-cki.1346229167' for kernel headers
Found headers in '/tmp/r1soft-cki.1346229167'
Compressing...
uploading kernel package          99% 4216KB  37.2KB/s   00:00 ETA
Starting module build...
Complete.
Saving kernel module to '/lib/modules/r1soft/hcpdriver-cki-2.6.32-5-amd64.ko'
Kernel module is now installed.
Use '/etc/init.d/cdp-agent restart' to load the new driver

```

If module has been compiled and installed successfully, you will see an output similar to the following:

```

Saving kernel module to '/lib/modules/r1soft/hcpdriver-cki-2.6.32-220.4.1.el6.x86_64.ko'
Kernel module is now installed.
Use '/etc/init.d/cdp-agent restart' to load the new driver

```

```

root@debian-server:~# /usr/bin/r1soft-setup --get-module
Checking for binary module
Waiting |
No binary module found
Gathering kernel information
Gathering kernel information complete.
Creating kernel headers package
Checking '/tmp/r1soft-cki.1346229167' for kernel headers
Found headers in '/tmp/r1soft-cki.1346229167'
Compressing...
uploading kernel package          99% 4216KB  37.2KB/s   00:00 ETA
Starting module build...
Complete.
Saving kernel module to '/lib/modules/r1soft/hcpdriver-cki-2.6.32-5-amd64.ko'
Kernel module is now installed.
Use '/etc/init.d/cdp-agent restart' to load the new driver

```

4.5 Build the CDP Kernel Module Offline (without direct Internet connection to R1Soft build server)

If there is no direct Internet connection between your CDP server and R1Soft build server, it is still possible to compile the kernel module. In this case, this will be tree-step process. First, you will have to create tarball file with the kernel headers. When you should copy this tarball file from the server to some other computer which has Internet connection to R1Soft build server. From this computer you should upload the tarball to the R1Soft build server and wait for the compilation to finish. When it is finished, you should download binary module and copy it back to the CDP server. Start with executing the following command:

```

# r1soft-setup --no-binary --kernel-dir /usr/src/kernels/YOUR_KERNEL_TREE
--tarball-only /tmp/kernel-headers-for-r1soft.tar.gz

```

After running this command, you will see:

```
# r1soft-setup --no-binary --kernel-dir /usr/src/kernels/2.6.32-220.4.1.el6.x86_64
--tarball-only /tmp/kernel-headers-for-r1soft.tar.gz
Gathering kernel information
Gathering kernel information complete.
Creating kernel headers package
Checking '/usr/src/kernels/2.6.32-220.4.1.el6.x86_64' for kernel headers
Found headers in '/usr/src/kernels/2.6.32-220.4.1.el6.x86_64'
Compressing...
Header package created '/tmp/kernel-headers-for-r1soft.tar.gz'
visit https://krnlbld.r1soft.com/ to do an offline module build
After it is complete, you will need to copy the module to /lib/modules/r1soft
```

```
root@debian-server:~# r1soft-setup --no-binary --kernel-dir /usr/src/linux-headers-2.6.32-5-amd64/ --tarball-only /tmp/kernel-headers-for-r1soft.tar.gz
Gathering kernel information
Gathering kernel information complete.
Creating kernel headers package
Checking '/usr/src/linux-headers-2.6.32-5-amd64/' for kernel headers
Found headers in '/usr/src/linux-headers-2.6.32-5-amd64/'
Compressing...
Header package created '/tmp/kernel-headers-for-r1soft.tar.gz'
visit https://krnlbld.r1soft.com/ to do an offline module build
After it is complete, you will need to copy the module to /lib/modules/r1soft
```

Last Step

- Copy the generated `tar.gz` file and paste it to a computer with Internet access.
- Go to <https://krnlbld.r1soft.com/> and upload the `.tar.gz` file to build a kernel module.
- After the build, you will download a kernel module.
- Copy this module and paste it to your Linux Server and the folder `/lib/modules/r1soft`.
- Restart the Server (`/etc/init.d/cdp-agent restart`).

```
root@debian-server:~# /etc/init.d/cdp-agent restart
Waiting for cdp-agent to stop, this can take up to 60 seconds...
/etc/init.d/cdp-agent stop: cdp agent stopped
/etc/init.d/cdp-agent start: cdp started
```