

# Protecting Linux Home Directories

CDP Enterprise and Advanced Editions allow you to protect the Linux Home Directory on the Agent machine. As a standard subdirectory of the root directory, the purpose of `/home` is to contain users' home directories. CDP allows you to back up and restore Linux users' accounts.

The following objects are protected and restored:

- the `/home` directory and all sub-directories
- all files in these directories



## Notice

The following accounts are excluded during the replication:

- root (UID=0)
- locked out
- expired accounts
- accounts that do not have passwords

To protect the Linux Home Directory, enable the Hosting Control Panel feature. See [Enabling Hosting Control Panels Feature](#).

Linux Home Directories functionality is mainly used when there is no any Control Panel installed on the Agent. If a Control Panel is installed and two Instances have already been added, including the Linux Home Directories, you won't be able to use the functionality mentioned above.



## Reference

Henceforth, the Linux Home Directory on Unix-like operating systems is referred to as the `/home` directory. For more information about `/home` directories, see [this resource](#).



## Note

This application retrieves the users' `/home` directory using the standard Linux API.

The following CDP interface elements help you protect your Linux Home Directories:

- The "Control Panels" tab in the "Policy" window

- The "Control Panels" tab in the "Task History"
- The "Control Panel Users" action in the "Recovery Points" list

Below is a collection of pages devoted to the subject of protecting Linux Home Directories.

- [Adding a Linux Home Directories Instance to a Policy](#)
- [Restoring a Regular Linux Account](#)